

# Recitation Session 5

24.10.2018

**Note:** You need Adobe Reader to be able to see the animations in this pdf.

## 1 Saddle-Node Bifurcation

Figure 1: The figure on top shows how  $f(x) = r + x^2$  varies as  $r$  is swept from  $-0.5$  to  $0.5$ . The lower figure plots the corresponding bifurcation diagram. Both animations show a snapshot for each value of the bifurcation parameter  $r$ .

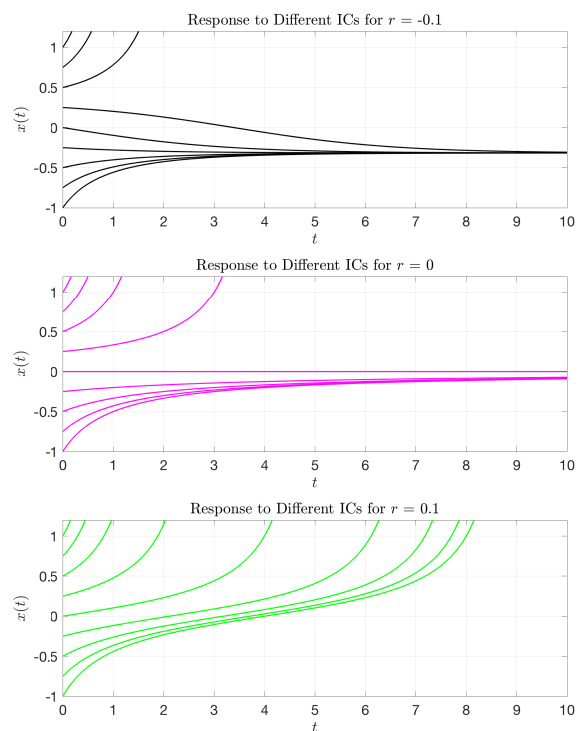
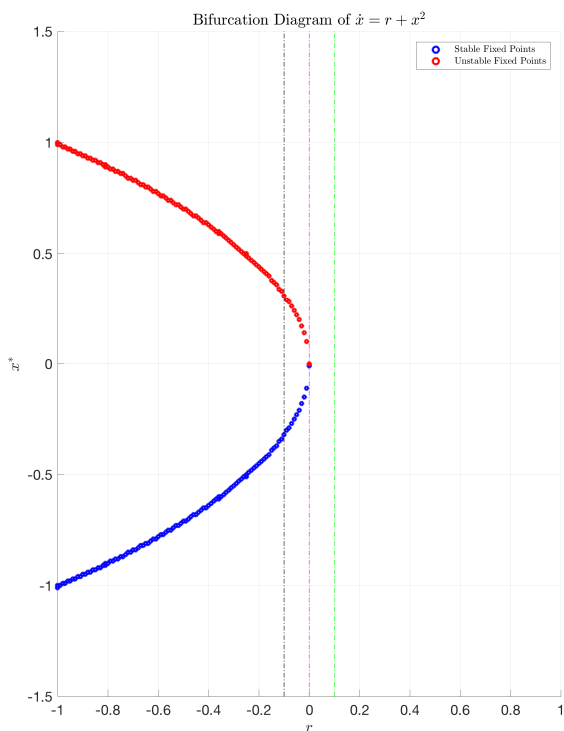


Figure 2: The figure to the left shows the bifurcation diagram for  $\dot{x} = r + x^2$ . Three particular values for the bifurcation parameter  $r$  are chosen  $r = -0.1, 0$ , and  $0.1$ . The dynamical system is simulated starting with multiple initial conditions. The temporal response is thus plotted for each of the particular values of  $r$ .

## 2 Transcritical Bifurcation

Figure 3: The figure on top shows how  $f(x) = rx - x^2$  varies as  $r$  is swept from  $-0.5$  to  $0.5$ . The lower figure plots the corresponding bifurcation diagram. Both animations show a snapshot for each value of the bifurcation parameter  $r$ .

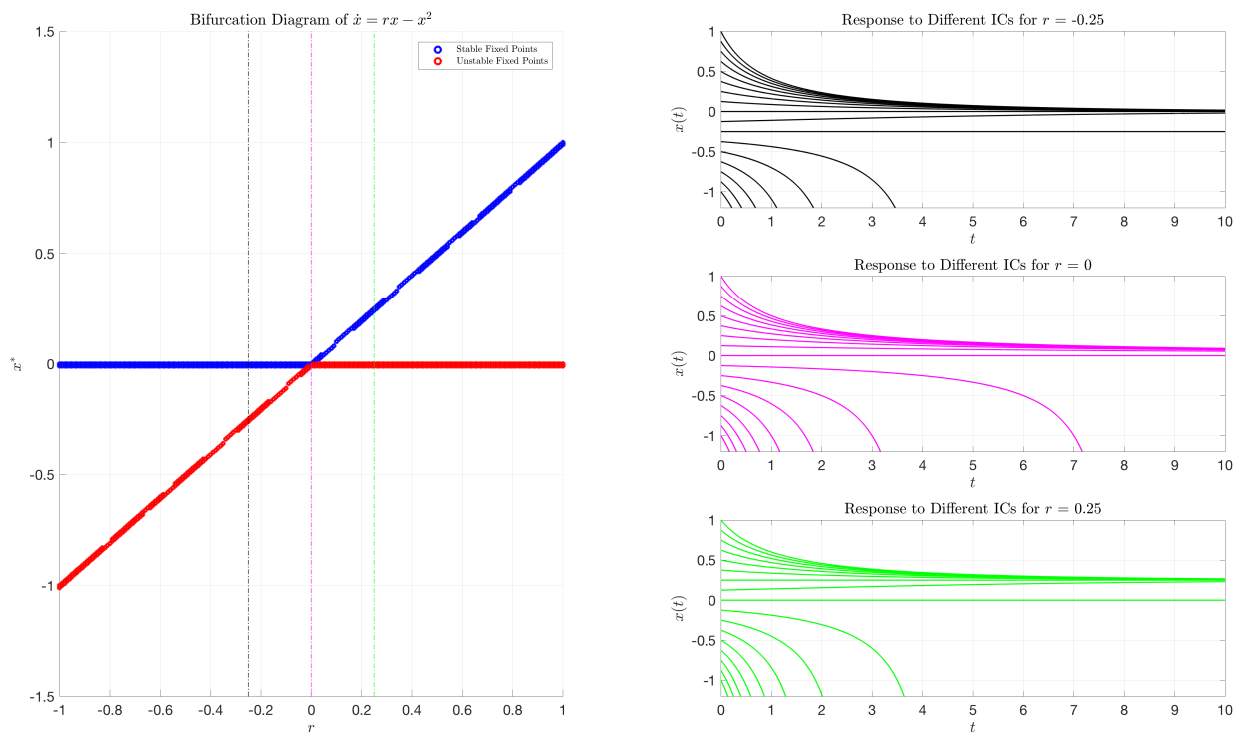


Figure 4: The figure to the left shows the bifurcation diagram for  $\dot{x} = rx - x^2$ . Three particular values for the bifurcation parameter  $r$  are chosen  $r = -0.25, 0$ , and  $0.25$ . The dynamical system is simulated starting with multiple initial conditions. The temporal response is thus plotted for each of the particular values of  $r$ .

### 3 Pitchfork Bifurcation

Figure 5: The figure on top shows how  $f(x) = rx - x^3$  varies as  $r$  is swept from  $-0.5$  to  $0.5$ . The lower figure plots the corresponding bifurcation diagram. Both animations show a snapshot for each value of the bifurcation parameter  $r$ .

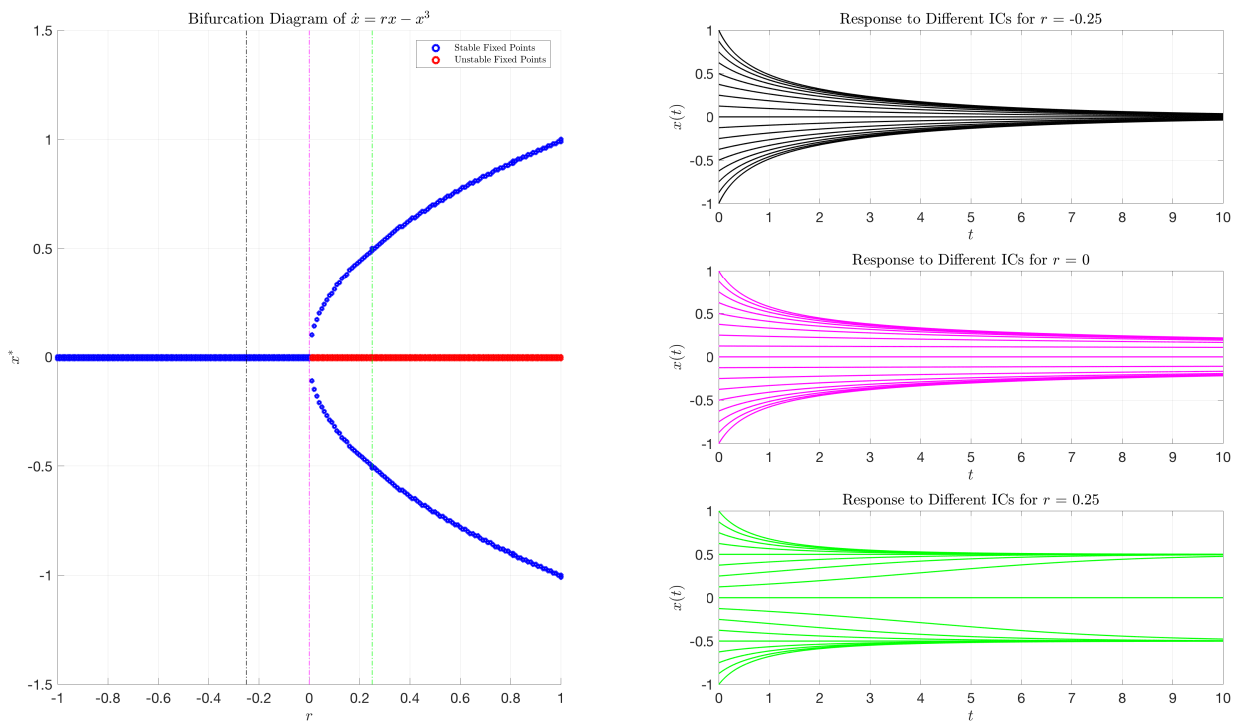
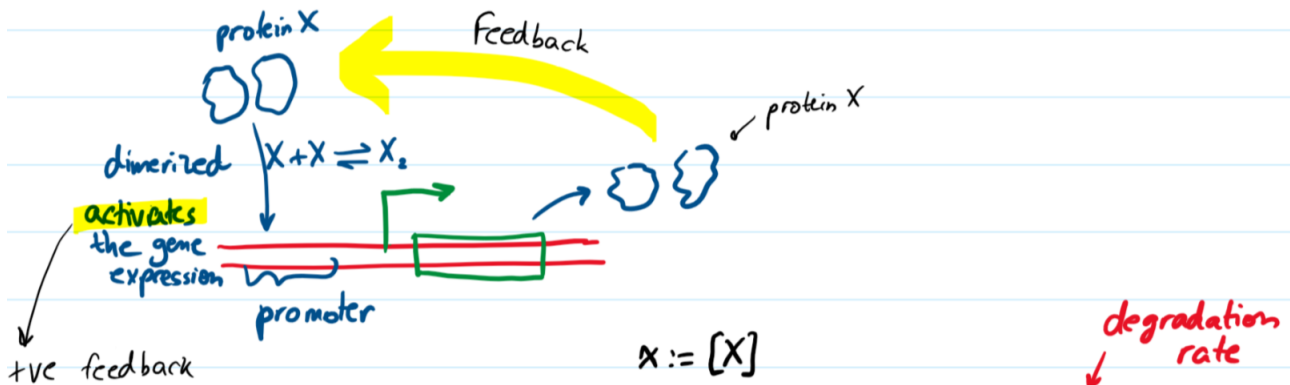


Figure 6: The figure to the left shows the bifurcation diagram for  $\dot{x} = rx - x^3$ . Three particular values for the bifurcation parameter  $r$  are chosen  $r = -0.25, 0$ , and  $0.25$ . The dynamical system is simulated starting with multiple initial conditions. The temporal response is thus plotted for each of the particular values of  $r$ .

#### 4 Biological Example: Gene Expression with Positive Feedback

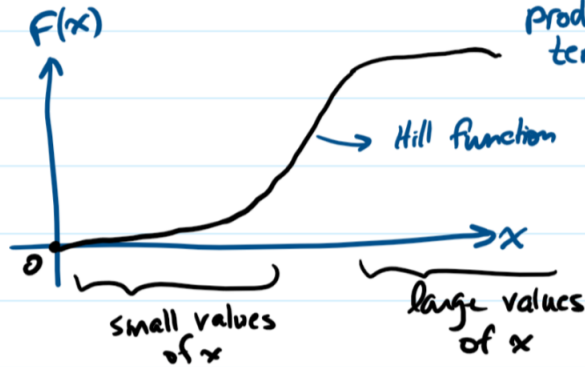
Gene Expression with positive Feedback:



"rule" of evolving  $x$  :  $\dot{x} = \underbrace{F(x)}_{\text{production term}} - \underbrace{\delta x}_{\text{degradation term}}$

$x := [X]$

degradation rate



$$F(x) = \frac{x^2}{1 + x^2}$$

related to "dimerization"

$$\dot{x} = \frac{x^2}{1 + x^2} - \delta x$$

Figure 7: The figure on top shows how  $f(x) = \frac{x^2}{1+x^2} - rx$  varies as  $r$  is swept from 0 to 0.7. The lower figure plots the corresponding bifurcation diagram. Both animations show a snapshot for each value of the bifurcation parameter  $r$ .



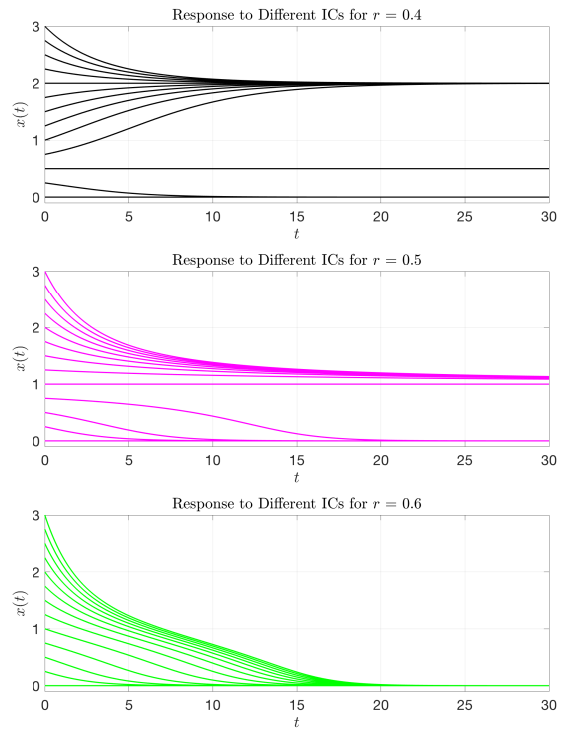
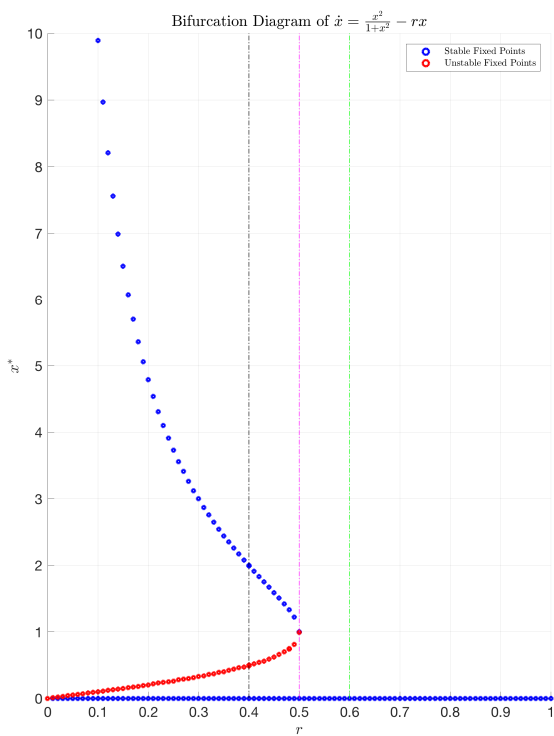


Figure 8: The figure to the left shows the bifurcation diagram for  $\dot{x} = \frac{x^2}{1+x^2} - rx$ . Three particular values for the bifurcation parameter  $r$  are chosen  $r = 0.4, 0.5$ , and  $0.6$ . The dynamical system is simulated starting with multiple initial conditions. The temporal response is thus plotted for each of the particular values of  $r$ .